Hip Arthroscopy with Labral Repair

Patient: _____

DOS: _____

Chippewa Valley Orthopedics & Sports Medicine1200 OakLeaf Way, Suite AAltoona, WI 54720757 Lakeland Drive, Suite BChippewa Falls, WI 54729

	Phase I			Phase II			Phase III			Phase IV
	Acute Care	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9-11 and beyond
Weight bearing**	25%	50%	50%	WBAT					•	
Exercises are intro						ises to ensure	e good flexi	oility and stre	ngth.	
Prescription may a									-	
Exercises: Progress per protocol. Stretch, soft tissue mob,	Ankle pumps	Add/abd isometrics	Standing Hip adduction and	Standing hip flexion and extension	Seated active hip flexion and other core exercise on ball	Double 1/3, ½ partial squats, total gym	Light leg press	Step ups	Lunges	Return to competition with full ROM, equal hip strength, no pain with all specific agility drills and ability to tolerate running program. Please see Advanced Hip Arthroscopy Protocol for Weeks 9 and beyond. Functional testing for return to sport or high level of activity.
for 6-10 weeks.	Passive supine Hip IR and active IR roll	Heel slides Bike, no resistance	abduction	Prone knee flexion	Bike with resistance		Heel raises	Side-step add resistance as tolerated	Squats to 90	
Home CPM: This will be set up at the hospital and then be used at home as well.	Gluteal, Quad, hamstring isometrics	PROM IR	Active supine Hip IR	Bridges	Superman prone and then quadruped	Side plank	Advance bridging single leg, Swiss ball	Single leg stance, advance surface as able	Lateral agility	
Laying down use machine starting at 0- 45° hip flexion and increase to 60° hip flexion as tolerated, 1 hour increments, 4 hours per day. Use your best judgment for hip position. The number on the pendant measures knee motion.	Hip mobs, Grade I. Gentle long axis circumduction CW/CCW.	Soft tissue mobilization , IT band, TFL, glut	Prone on elbows	Supine marching	Add resistive tubing for standing hip flexion, adduction, abduction, extension	Hip joint mobility as needed.	Clamshells	Vectors, clocks	Single leg knee bends	
		med, area surrounding incisions, scars.				Ham Curls	Mini squats Elliptical	BOSU squats	Swim: water Plyo's	
		Transverse abdominal isometrics	SAQ's and LAQ's	Flexibility of quads, hams, gastroc	Side lying hip abduction, adduction, prone, hip extension.	Start PROM for flexion and ER, limit to 20° of ER and 105° flexion	Gradually restore full hip ROM	Advance pool activity, fins, step ups	Forward/ret ro gait with cord	
RESTRICTIONS:					At week 4 with wound healed:					Questions?
In place for 6 weeks *Hip flexion no greater than 90							I, march, lateral steps, backward walking,			Please call Northwoods
*Avoid ER past Neutral	Goal of Phase I: Protect integrity of repaired labrum, Restore ROM within limitations, diminish pain and			Goal of Phase II: Protect labrum, increase ROM, normalize gait.			Goal of Phase III: Restoration of muscular endurance, strength and cardiovascular endurance.			Therapy Associates
Microfracture 6 weeks NWB	inflammation, prevent muscular inhibition, normalize gait with 50% WB restrictions. Criteria to advance: Minimal pain, 90°			Criteria to advance : 105° flexion, 20° ER. Pain free normal gait. Hip flexion strength ≥ 60% of opposite side.			Optimize neuromuscular control/balance. Proprioception.			Altoona, WI (715) 839-9266
September 2020	hip flexion pair motion limitation Normalized her WB.	nfree, minima ons with IR, E	l range of xt, Abd.	Hip Add, Ext, IR and ER. Strength \ge 70% of opposite side.			Hip flexion strength should be ≥ 70% of uninvolved side. Hip abd, add, ext, IR, ER strength should be ≥ 80% of uninvolved side. Pre-injury cardio ability and initial lateral and agility drills with good mechanics.			Chippewa Falls (715) 723-5060